**The Jurisdiction of the High Court Division**

The High Court Division has original, appellate and other jurisdictions, powers and functions as are conferred by the Constitution and other laws-

**Subordinate Court:**

**Civil Court:**

**Jurisdiction of Civil Court-**

**1. District Judge Court-**Revisional jurisdiction **,**appeal of civil matters valuation of which is upto five crore taka, Probate matters etc.

**2. Additional District Judge Court-**Try cases transferred to this Court by District Judge.

**3.Joint District Judge Court-** i) Original Jurisdiction- hearing of civil suit of which valuation is from twenty five lac taka to unlimited,

ii)Try succession matter,

ii) Revision-  which case is transferred to this Court by District Judge,

iii)Appeal –which case is transferred to this Court by District judge.

**4. Senior Assistant Judge Court-**try suits of civil nature of which valuation is fifteen lac to twenty five lac taka.

**5. Assistant Judge Court-**to try civil suits of which pecuniary jurisdiction is below fifteen lac taka.

**6. Small Causes Court**– A Small Causes Court shall have jurisdiction to dispose of suits of a civil nature of which the value does not exceed twenty five thousand taka.

**7. Family Courts**–This court  try suits which are of family matters i.e.- dissolution of marriage, dower, custody and guardianship of children, restitution of conjugal rights and maintenance relating to matters.

**Criminal Court:**

**(i)           Court of Sessions:**  There shall be in every division the following Sessions Court-

a)  Sessions Judge

(b) Additional Sessions Judge

(c) Assistant Sessions Judge

**For metropolitan area**- In every metropolitan area there shall be the following Sessions Court-

                     (a) Metropolitan Sessions Judge

(b)Additional Metropolitan Sessions Judge

(c) Joint Metropolitan Sessions Judge

**(ii)  Magistrate Court:**

**For Metropolitan Area**-  Hierarchy of  Magistrate Court for Metropolitan area are discussed below-

All over the country other than Metropolitan Areas-

(a) Chief Judicial Magistrate,

(b) Additional Chief Judicial Magistrate,

(c) Magistrate of the first Class,

(d) Magistrate of the Second Class,

(e) Magistrate of the Third Class.

**Jurisdiction of Criminal Court:**

**Tribunals and Special Court-**

**The International Crimes Tribunal-**

This Tribunal was constituted for the purpose of trial of offences such as-

(a) Crime against Humanity,

(b) Crime against peace,

(c) Genocide,

(d) war crime,

(e) Violation of any humanitarian rules applicable in armed conflicts laid down in the Geneva conventions, 1949,

(f) Any other crime under the International Law.

**There shall be following classes of Civil Courts, namely:-**

(a) the Court of the District Judge;

(b) the Court of the Additional District Judge;

(c) the Court of the Joint District Judge;

(d) the Court of the Senior Assistant Judge; and

(e) the Court of the Assistant Judge.